

2011 ERIKA NORTEMANN/TI

# LIVING SHORELINES Helen Wood Park

Helen Wood Park, located just north of the Dog River on Mobile Bay, is a local subsistence fishing spot, one of the only public locations to access Mobile Bay, and has seen significant coastal erosion due to an adjacent armored shoreline, channelization and ship wakes. The Nature Conservancy, working with its partners, placed 1,100 ft of reef segments about 100 ft from the shoreline to protect the natural shoreline.

In 2011, The Nature Conservancy pooled public and private resources to fund an expansion of the restoration site at Helen Wood Park. Nine local fishermen were contracted to bag 23,000 bags of oyster shell. The bags, along with 343 reef balls, were placed to build 1,100 ft of oyster reef breakwater and protect critical marsh

## **HELEN WOOD PARK FACTS**





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USEPA

**17**% USFWS 38<sup>%</sup> PRIVATE



Volunteers pass bagged shells to build reefs.

habitat. This work limited erosion on the coastline and restored approximately .23 acres of reef breakwater and living shoreline habitat.

Ongoing site monitoring has revealed that bagged shell reefs are prone to breakdown over time affecting wave attenuation. Bagged oyster shells have broken down and spread out, losing their ability to provide relief to wave energy. The Nature Conservancy's adaptive management strategy allows for location specific and technique specific restoration strategies. In this instance, Oyster Castles<sup>™</sup> were used to restore the vertical relief by constructing reef segments on the front edge of the of the bagged shell reefs to further protect the shoreline.

### The Future of Helen Wood Park

The second tier of reefs, in the form of Oyster Castles<sup>™</sup>, were placed in front of existing bagged shell reefs to further protect the shoreline in 2018 and will be monitored to measure the effectiveness of the adaptive management strategy implemented.



LOCATION Mobile County, AL PARTNERS 100-1000: Restore Coastal Alabama, BoatPeople SOS, Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources

**FUNDERS** Private (NWF, AWF, JL Bedsole Foundation, Cole Foundation, Crampton Charitable Trust, Curtis &

Edith Munson Foundation, Chevron); NOAA; USFWS; and USEPA: \$398,200 total



### **BIVALVES**

- This low salinity site saw significant mussel recruitment and limited oyster development.
- The Nature Conservancy's approach to adaptive management means that restoration projects are monitored each year. Using results from monitoring, projects are adjusted to respond to varying location conditions that influence performance.

#### SALINITY FOR OYSTER SUITABILITY

